# **KUWAIT FINANCE HOUSE**

(K,S.C.)

Eleventh
Annual Report
1988

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Incorporated In Kuwait On 3rd Rabei Al-Akher 1397 A. H. Corresponding to 23rd March, 1977 A. D.

The Report of Board of Directors
And
The Financial Statements

1988



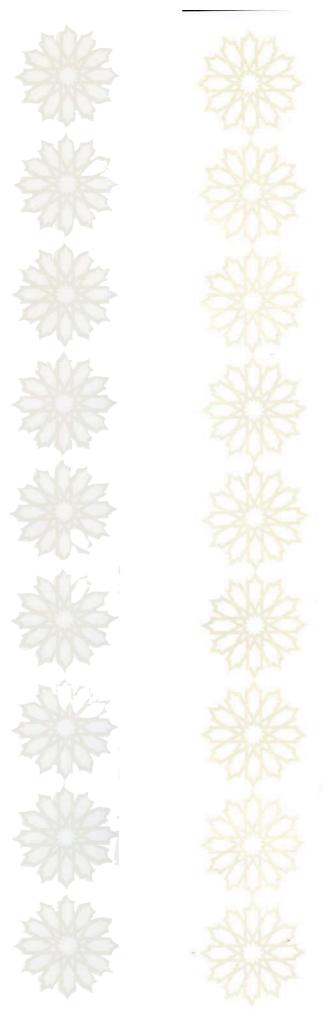
HIS HIGHNESS THE AMIR OF KUWAIT SHEIKH JABER AL AHMAD AL JABER AL SABAH



HIS HIGHNESS THE CROWN PRINCE PRIME MINISTER SHEIKH SA'AD AL ABDULLA AL SALIM AL SABAH

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## Members of Al-Fatwa & Sharia'a Supervisory Authority

Sheikh Bader A. Abdul Basit

Dr. Khaled Al-Mathkour

Dr. Abdul Sattar Abu - Ghuddah

## **The Board of Directors**

Ahmad Bazie Al-Yaseen

Faisal Abdul Muhsin Al-Khatrash Vice - Chairman

Bader Abdul Muhsin Al-Mukhaizeem Managing Director

Member
Member

## THE GENERAL MANAGER

## Adnan A. Al-Bahar

## **Assistant General Managers**

Ahmad A. Al-Dohsary

Dr. Khaled M. Boodai

E. Sulaiman A. Al-Braikan

Faisal A. Al-Zamil

Waleed A. Al-Ruwayeh

## Deputy Assistant General Managers

Sa'adi Othman A. Al-Othman

Hashim Shukri Jamus

# The Statement of the Chairman of the Board of Directors

In the name of Allah, the most Gracious, the most Merciful.

Praise be to Allah, blessing and peace be upon the Prophet of Allah; Mohammad and upon his family, companions and followers.

Dear brothers.

On behalf of Kuwait Finance House Board of Directors, I take pleasure in warmly welcoming you to your eleventh annual meeting and submit to you the financial statements including the profit and loss account for 1988.

During 1988, the international economic environment continued to be turbulent with direct repercussions on the local economy. But the economic policies of Kuwait which were clearly spelled out and adhered to were successful in offsetting the negative aspects of such economic environment. Consequently, Kuwait was able to take some positive steps to revitalize and activate the local economy in spite of the negative economic environment regionally and globally.

As for Kuwait Finance House, 1988 was an important landmark year. It marked the completion of ten successful years of operations since the inception of the institution's business in 1978. 1988 also witnessed the preparation of the first documented medium term strategy to enhance performance techniques and skills to enable the institution to be closer to its markets, more capable of understanding the inclinations and needs of its customers and faster in its response to such needs.

Kuwait Finance House's strategy clearly states our major responsibilities towards our partners. The mission of the institution states that Kuwait Finance House is an Islamic financial institution with the aim of applying the Islamic approach to financial transactions in order to provide outstanding banking and investment services to customers and achieve rewarding returns for depositors and shareholders.

The strategy focuses on promoting the institution's capabilities and its leading role in the retail markets in banking, trading and real estate. This is being done through the process of developing new products such as KFH visa card, private banking, fast transfer services, foreign currency deposits and real estate portfolios.

The Trading sector has considerably expanded its retail activities such as Murabaha services through KFH branches, dealing in used cars, promotion of sales through car agencies and the sale of "Nasr" cars in Egypt to local clients.

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To insure that our retail services are comprehensive and unique, we have expanded our services through various types of sales contracts such as direct sales, Murabaha for houses and residential plots on instalments tailored to the customer needs. The sale of residential plots of land is provided in co-ordination with the Savings and Credit Bank.

In the corporate market we have started the process of improving our services after a period of evaluation and reorganization. Some new innovative products have been introduced to develop our competitive advantage in the corporate market. The most important new products are "Estisnae" i.e. "Order to manufacture" contracts, participation contracts and special services to co-operative societies. Although we are still in the early stages in these fields, the preliminary results are so positive and encouraging that 1989 could be a starting point for a takeoff in this market.

In the international and investment market, our strategy focuses on developing our skills to promote Kuwaiti exports in co-operation with specialized international institutions such as the Islamic Development Bank. Work is also under way in developing new products in areas as counter trade and trade promotion between Islamic countries.

To Augment our internationalization process, we have finalized the establishement of an Islamic Finance House in Turkey. Kuwait Finance House holds a 50% stake in this institution, the Turkish Waqf Bank 30%, the Islamic Development Bank 9%, the Public Institution for Social Security 9% and 2% for individuals. The institution will start operations in the first quarter of 1989. We have adopted the presence in foreign markets to make Kuwait Finance House an International Financial Institution that participates in alleviating the interest rate-generated world economic crisis.

In the international markets new services in international trade finance have been introduced to our customers. An investment fund has been set up in the tankers business in co-operation with Kuwait Oil Tankers Company. The fund has been subscribed and successfully launched. Other participants in the fund include international institutions, such as Citicorp. and Fred Olson and Company.

In the real estate market, our efforts continued in rearranging our real estate assets by improving returns and upgrading the components of these assets. In developing new products for our clients, we issued the fourth real estate portfolio which was subscribed by our customers. Preparations are underway to start the sale of apartments on ownership basis. Moreover, a large number of units have been added to our existing supply of residential and commercial units. Our services to our customers in rented apartments are continuously being improved in terms of letting and eviction procedures and regular and

prompt on-demand maintenance services.

Along with providing diversified services to its customers, Kuwait Finance House continues to stand to its social responsibilities by providing social and charitable services in co-ordination with specialized social institutions such as the Zakat House. Moreover, starting from the inception of KFH the Zakat, Charity and Qard Hasan Committee has been established to provide assistance to Islamic organizations and charities. Free loans are also provided to the needy in co-operation with the Zakat House and we are contemplating to widen the scope of this service.

In the cultural field, we have a prominent role in promoting Islamic ideas and concepts, especially in the field of financial transactions. This is being done through an information policy aimed at projecting the social role of Kuwait Finance House and the close association of its services with basic social needs. Moreover, this policy is addressed to enhance the role of the institution among Islamic and international financial institutions.

In our personnel policies, efforts are continuing in improving and upgrading Islamic understanding of financial transactions and professional skills in management marketing and service delivery aspects. In line with the Government policy of enhancing job opportunities for nationals, Kuwait Finance House has initiated a project with the aim of recruiting and upgrading nationals to fill supervisory and senior posts.

Dear shareholders.

The financial results of 1988 show substantial growth over 1987 as the following figures indicate:

The Balance Sheet:

The total balance sheet amounted to KD 1,206 million, an increase of KD 120 million over 1987. Total assets increased by 11% to KD 1,173 million.

On the liabilities side, current and investment accounts amounted to KD 919 million, an increase of KD 78 million over 1987. Shareholders' equity increased by 10.6% to KD 47.1 million whereas paid-up capital increased by 13.4% from KD 23.1 million in 1987 to KD 26.2 million in 1988.

## **Revenues And Profit:**

Total revenues amounted to KD 43.3 million showing an increase of 20.9% over 1987. After the deduction of expenses and various provisions totalling KD 13.1 million, net profit amounted to KD 30.2 million, 23.3% higher than 1987.

## **Profit Distribution:**

Profit has been distributed on investment deposits as follows: Investment deposits – Unlimited period – 5.55% Investment deposits – Limited period – 4.625% Investment Savings accounts – 3.70%

The Board of Directors has recommended to the General Assembly the distribution of 9% bonus shares and 4% cash dividends to shareholders as at the end of 1988.

Dear Brothers,

In conclusion, we thank Almighty Allah for His help and guidance and we pray to Him to assist us to achieve the objectives of Kuwait Finance House for the benefits of our country and the Arab and Islamic World under the leadership of their Highness the Amir Sheikh Jaber Al Ahmad Al Sabah and the Crown Prince Prime Minister Sheikh Sa'ad Al Abdullah Al Sabah and the esteemed government.

We express our deep thanks to their excellencies the members of the Fatwa and Shariaà supervisory Authority. I also thank my colleagues, the members of the Board for their concerted efforts. I would like to commend the efforts of the Managing Director Bader Abdul Mohsin Al Mukhaizeem, the General Manager Adnan A. Al-Bahar, the Assistant General Managers and all the employees.

I also thank the shareholders, and our customers for their fruitful co-operation for mutual benefits.

We pray to Allah to bless our efforts in the service of Islam and Muslims.

Ahmad Bazie Al Yasseen

Chairman.

Date: 29th Jumada Al-Akher 1409 A.H. Corresponding to 5th February 1989 A.D.

## Report Of Fatwa & Sharia'a Supervisory Authority

By following up the performance of Kuwait Finance House during 1988, we certify that all its activities were practiced in compliance with Islamic Sharia'a, and no violations have occured, to the best of our knowledge.









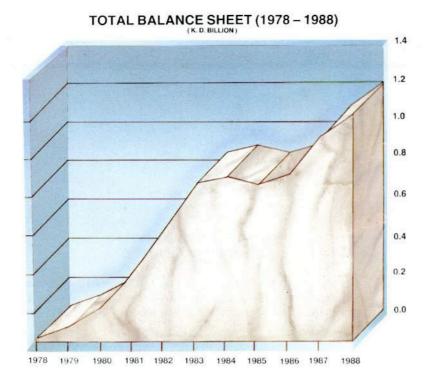
Sheikh/Bader A. Abdul-Basit

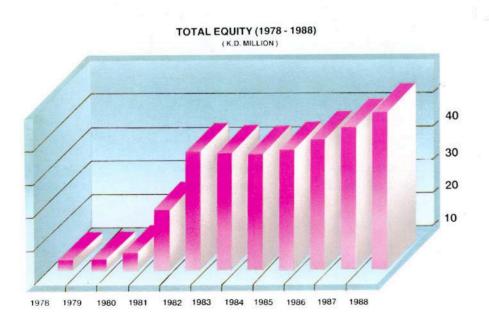


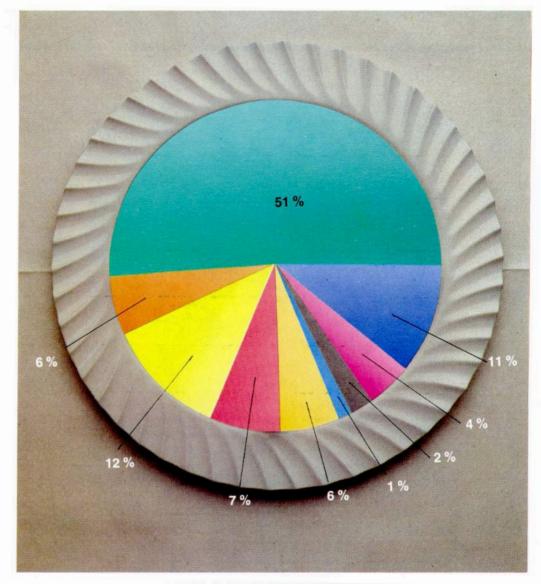
Dr. Abdul-Sattar Abu Ghuddah

Dr. Khaled Al-Mathkour

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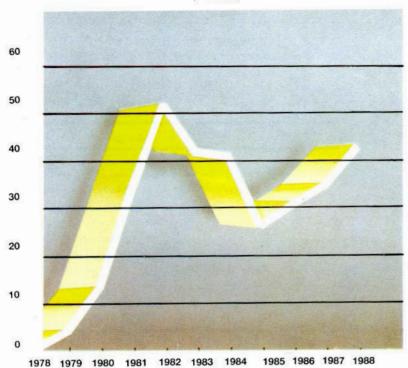


L.C. DEPT. OPERATIONS BY COMMODITY



## TOTAL INCOME

(K.D. MILLION)



## K.F.H. DEVELOPMENT

(KD MILL)

YEAR	TOTAL	TOTAL	NET
	BAL. SHEET	EQUITY	PROFIT
1978	26.76	2.81	.53
1979	81.60	3.25	3.48
1980	180.71	5.26	4.85
1981	376.97	18.09	25.05
1982	598.14	35.63	45.89
1983	834.94	35.19	36.72
1984	872.67	34.77	-
1985	831.64	35.90	17.52
1986	886.94	38.94	20.56
1987	1086.23	42.61	24.53
1988	1206.34	47.13	30.23

## AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE SHAREHOLDERS OF KUWAIT FINANCE HOUSE K.S.C.

We have examined the financial statements of Kuwait Finance House K.S.C. set out on pages 20 to 32 Our examination included such tests of the accounting records and such other auditing procedures as we considered necessary. We obtained all the information and explanations that we required for the purpose of our examination.

The financial statements have been prepared on the basis set out in Note 2.

On this basis, in our opinion the financial statements give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company at 31 December 1988 and of the results of its operations for the year then ended in accordance with the principles of Islamic Sharia.

Furthermore, in our opinion proper books of account have been kept by the company and the financial statements, together with the contents of the report of the board of directors relating to these financial statements, are in accordance therewith. We further report that the financial statements incorporate all information that is required by the Commercial Companies Law of 1960, as amended, and by the company's Articles of Association, that an inventory was duly carried out and that, to the best of our knowledge and belief, no violations of the law nor of the Articles of Association have occurred during the year ended 31 December 1988 that might have had a material adverse effect on the business of the company or on its financial position.

AHMAD M. AL-AIBAN R.A.A. No. 65 A OF AHMED AL-AIBAN & CO. WALEED AL-OSAIMI R.A.A. No. 68 A OF AHMED AL-AIBAN & CO.

Kuwait 12 January 1989

# BALANCE SHEET AT 31 DECEMBER, 1988

		1988	1987 KD	
ASSETS EMPLOYED	Note	KD		
ASSETS				
Cash and balances with banks		37,016,135	39,393,665	
Deposits with financial				
institutions		243,329,910	156,407,883	
Murabaha and other accounts				
receivable	4	292,477,815	272,393,391	
Inventories	5	5,855,296	3,440,149	
Medium term Murabaha and other				
accounts receivable	6	123,907,126	117,776,755	
Trading investments in property	7	389,219,525	373,140,886	
Construction work in progress	8	26,890,586	42,130,292	
Investment in Al-Muthanna				
Complex	9	28,223,276	28,901,442	
Other investments	10	7,485,954	5,164,149	
Property, plant and equipment	11	18,430,057	18,746,651	
TOTAL ASSETS		1,172,835,680	1,057,495,263	
Liability of customers for letters of			1	
credit, acceptances and guarantees		33,508,170	28,732,516	
		1,206,343,850	1,086,227,779	

AHMAD BAZIE AL-YASEEN CHAIRMAN BADER ABDULMUHSIN AL-MUKHAIZEEM MANAGING DIRECTOR

		1988	1987	
FUNDS EMPLOYED	Note	KD	KD	
LIABILITIES			,	
Current and investment accounts	12	918,990,366	840,526,490	
Deposits from financial institutions		163,660,024	138,755,693	
Accounts payable and accruals	13	17,992,620	16,146,455	
Depositors' share of net profit	14	24,017,813	19,457,070	
Proposed dividend	18	1,046,056	-	
TOTAL LIABILITIES		1,125,706,879	1,014,885,708	
SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY			17-1-19	
Share capital – authorised, issued and				
fully paid shares of KD 0.100 each	15	26,151,393	23,142,826	
Statutory reserve (including share				
premium KD 4,328,054)	16	17,403,751	15,899,467	
General reserve	17	1,220,032	558,695	
Proposed bonus shares	18	2,353,625	3,008,567	
TOTAL SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY		47,128,801	42,609,555	
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY		1,172,835,680	1,057,495,263	
Letters of credit, acceptances and guarantees on behalf of customers		33,508,170	28,732,516	
		1,206,343,850	1,086,227,779	

ADNAN ABDULAZIZ AL-BAHAR GENERAL MANAGER

The attached notes 1 to 19 form part of these financial statements.

## STATEMENTS OF INCOME AND APPROPRIATIONS YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER, 1988

		1988	1987
STATEMENT OF INCOME	Note	KD	KD
INCOME			
Income from banking, property, commercial			
and construction operations		35,304,131	29,097,705
Net rental income		7,342,867	6,283,978
Otherincome		656,364	437,606
Totalincome		43,303,362	35,819,289
EXPENSES AND PROVISIONS			
General and administration expenses		9,734,652	8,689,047
Depreciation		2,697,505	2,303,632
Provision for obsolete and slow moving			
inventories		636,916	
Provision for losses of subsidiary company		-	100,000
Provision for decline in value of other			
investments			196,000
		13,069,073	11,288,679
NET PROFIT FOR THE YEAR		30,234,289	24,530,610
STATEMENT OF APPROPRIATIONS			
Transfer to statutory reserve	16	1,504,284	1,285,713
Transfer to general reserve	17	1,026,901	549,869
Contribution to Kuwait Foundation for			
the Advancement of Sciences		235,610	189,391
Directors' fees		50,000	40,000
Depositors' share of net profit	14	24,017,813	19,457,070
Proposed bonus shares	18	2,353,625	3,008,567
Proposed dividend	18	1,046,056	
		30,234,289	24,530,610

The attached notes 1 to 19 form part of these financial statements.

# KUWAIT FINANCE HOUSE (K.S.C.) NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 31 DECEMBER, 1988

#### 1. ACTIVITIES

Kuwait Finance House K.S.C. is a Kuwaiti shareholding company incorporated in Kuwait

The principal activities of the company include the provision of banking services, the purchase and sale of property and other trading activiteis including project construction for its own account as well as for third parties. Sales may take various forms including cash, credit and murabaha sales (purchasing of raw materials, goods or equipment and selling them at an agreed negotiated profit margin). It also includes joint venture business with third parties.

All activities are conducted in accordance with the teachings of Islam without practicing usury.

#### 2. BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

At 31 December 1988 there continued to be a shortfall between provisions held and an estimate of those required in respect of decline in the value of trading investments in property and doubtful credit facilities which resulted from trading and banking activities. It is intended that the shortfall will be covered out of future years' earnings.

Kuwait Investment Authority, on behalf of the Ministry of Finance, Kuwait has guaranteed the financial position of the company and has undertaken to ensure that the shortfall shall not result in a reduction in the level of the shareholders' equity at 31 December 1986 amounting to KD 38,138,804. The financial statements have been prepared on this basis.

#### 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

## a) Accounting convention

The financial statements are parepared under the historical cost convention.

## b) Income recognition

Profits and losses arising from all sales, including long term credit sales, are taken to income in full when the sale is made in accordance with principles of Islamic Sharia.

Rental income is recognised on a time proportion basis.

#### c) Murabaha and other accounts receivable

Murabaha and other accounts receivable from customers are stated in the balance sheet under appropriate headings less available provisions for doubtful accounts receivable. Medium term murabaha and other accounts receivable represent amounts

due twelve months or more after the balance sheet date. An estimate of provisions required is made for accounts receivable as soon as they are considered doubtful.

## d) Trading investment in property

Trading investments in property are carried at cost less available provisions for decline in value, and less depreciation in respect of buildings that are rented out by the company.

## e) Other investments

Investment in subsidiary company is carried at cost less provision for accumulated losses in the investee company.

Investments in affiliated companies are carried at cost less provision for permanent diminution in value. Investments in joint ventures are carried at the lower of cost and net realisable value.

## f) Construction work in progress

Construction work in progress is valued at cost of land under development and all construction costs incurred to the date of the balance sheet.

## g) Depreciation

Freehold land is not depreciated. The cost of other property, plant and equipment is depreciated over the estimated useful lives of the assets.

The cost less estimated residual value of Al-Muthanna complex is depreciated over the initial lease period.

## h) Employees' terminal benefits

Provision is made for amounts payable under the Kuwait Labour Law applicable to employees' accumulated periods of service at the balance sheet date.

## i) Foreign currencies

Foreign currency transactions are recorded in Kuwaiti dinars at the rates of exchange prevailing at the time of the transactions. Assets and liabilities in foreign currency at the balance sheet date are translated at the year end rates of exchange. Exchange differences are reported as part of the results for the year.

## j) Inventories

Inventories are valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value after making due allowance for any obsolete or slow moving items. Cost is determined on a specific identification basis for motor vehicles and on a first-in first-out basis for other inventory items.

## k) Fiduciary assets and liabilities

Assets and related deposits held in a trust or fiduciary capacity are not treated as assets and liabilities of the company and are accordingly not included in these financial statements.

## 4. MURABAHA AND OTHER ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE

	1988 KD	1987 KD
Advances to customers against letters		
of credit and Murabaha contracts	22,917,280	24,628,529
Murabaha accounts receivable from:		
International institutions	196,607,533	184,812,530
Islamic financial institutions	11,765,648	11,114,434
Trade receivables:		
Property	30,769,855	37,806,014
Commercial	37,761,322	11,849,361
Other receivables:	3,399,891	13,101,570
Prepaid expenses	565,762	416,475
, ropald expenses	303,787,291	283,728,913
Less: Provision for doubtful receivables	11,309,476	11,335,522
	292,477,815	272,393,391

Murabaha accounts receivable due from international isntitutions are guaranteed by international banks.

#### 5. INVENTORIES

	1988 KD	1987 KD
Motor vehicles, net of provision	4,934,951	2,553,260
Foodstuffs	474,863	692,072
Spare parts	79,502	66,369
Consumer goods	115,891	
Goods in transit	250,089	128,448
Goods III II allon	5,855,296	3,440,149

## 6. MEDIUM TERM MURABAHA AND OTHER ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE

	1988 KD	1987 KD
Murabaha accounts receivable from:		
International institutions	54,703,924	63,240,360
Local companies and individuals	478,907	1,131,328
Trade receivables:		
Property	21,809,120	15,786,170
Commercial	46,915,175	37,618,897
	123,907,126	117,776,755

Murabaha accounts receivable due from international institutions are guaranteed by international banks.

## 7. TRADING INVESTMENTS IN PROPERTY

	1988 KD	1987 KD
Residential	70,424,947	76,168,913
Commercial, investments and stores	143,752,151	150,988,325
South Surra land	41,269,663	41,434,543
Land – undivided plots	14,158,003	14,713,264
Land and buildings, less provision for depreciation of		
KD 2,454,586 (1987: KD 1,554,586)	108,493,052	78,869,656
Under expropriation	25,341,900	25,341,900
Land and buildings outside Kuwait	13,951,327	13,795,803
	417,391,043	401,312,404
Less: Provision for decline in value	28,171,518	28,171,518
	389,219,525	373,140,886

## 8. CONSTRUCTION WORK IN PROGRESS

1988 KD	1987 KD
24,042,087	36,321,096
2,848,499	5,809,196
26,890,586	42,130,292
	<b>KD</b> 24,042,087 2,848,499

## 9. INVESTMENT IN AL-MUTHANNA COMPLEX

	1988 KD	1987 KD
Cost of the complex	30,257,774	30,257,774
Less: Accumulated depreciation	2,034,498	1,356,332
	28,223,276	28,901,442

Any net profit generated from Al-Muthanna complex is for the benefit of shareholders of the company (Note 18).

## 10. OTHER INVESTMENTS

	1988 KD	1987 KD
(i) Affiliated companies	7,552,609	5,230,804
Less: Provision for permanent	1,007,000	1,007,000
diminution in value	6,545,609	4,223,804
(ii) Subsidiary company	1,160,524	1,160,524
Less: Provision for losses	260,524	260,524
	900,000	900,000
(iii) Joint ventures in commercial activities	78,345	78,345
Less: Provision for anticipated losses	38,000	38,000
	40,345	40,345
	7,485,954	5,164,149

The affiliated companies are Islamic institutions incorporated outside Kuwait and the company's holdings vary from 0.2% to 50% of their capital.

There were financial commitments in respect of uncalled capital at 31 December 1988, amounting to KD 1,773,420 (1987: KD 877,537).

The investment in the subsidiary company is represented by 100% of the shares of International Turnkey Systems Company K.S.C. (Closed). The financial statements of the subsidiary company have not been consolidated for the following reasons:

- (a) The activities of the subsidiary company are dissimilar from those of the company.
- (b) The net assets of the subsidiary company are immaterial in relation to those of the company and their non-consolidation has therefore no material effect on these financial statements.

## 11. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

The estimated useful lives of the assets for depreciation purposes are as follows:

Buildings on freehold land – head office 30 years – others 7–20 years

Leasehold property 20 years or lease period

whichever is shorter.

Furniture and fittings 3 years
Plant and equipment 3 years
Motor vehicles 3 years

	Freehold	property	Lease- hold property KD	Furniture and fittings KD	Plant, equipment and motor vehicles KD	Total KD
Cost:	Head office KD	others KD				
At 31 December 1987 Adddition during the year Cost of disposals	14,563,982 45,162 –	2,771,831 - -	1,144,275 - (250)	1,055,092 344,902 -	2,860,557 418,641 (20,307)	22,395,737 808,705 (20,557)
At 31 December 1988	14,609,144	2,771,831	1,144,025	1,399,994	3,258,891	23,183,885
Depreciation: At 31 December 1987 Charge for the year Relating to disposals	551,171 360,000 –	181,977 79,044 –	205,930 57,711 -	828,022 190,203 -	1,881,986 432,381 (14,597)	3,649,086 1,119,339 (14,597
At 31 December 1988	911,171	261,021	263,641	1,018,225	2,299,770	4,753,828
Net book amounts: At 31 December 1988	13,697,973	2,510,810	880,384	381,769	959,121	18,430,057
At 31 December 1987	14,012,811	2,589,854	938.345	227,070	978,571	18,746.65

## 12. CURRENT AND INVESTMENT ACCOUNTS

	1988 KD	1987 KD
Current accounts	143,330,899	107,792,290
Investment and non-investment savings accounts	502,911,986	493,335,202
Investment deposits for limited period	6,511,147	-
Investment deposits for unlimited period	266,236,334	239,398,998
	918,990,366	840,526,490

The current accounts are deposits payable on demand. The customers are not entitled to any profits and do not bear any losses. The company guarantees to pay the balance on demand. From the Islamic point of view, current accounts are interest free loans (Qard Hassan) from the customer to the company.

Investment deposits for limited period are valid for one year. Investment deposits for unlimited period are valid for one year, and are automatically renewable for the same period unless the customer gives written notice to the contrary at least three months before the due date.

In all cases the investment accounts receive or bear such proportion of the related profits or losses as the directors may determine based on the results earned at the end of the financial year.

## 13. ACCOUNTS PAYABLE AND ACCRUALS

	1988 KD	1987 KD
Trade payables	5,608,439	5,553,395
Other payables	9,948,596	8,139,851
Accrued expenses	2,435,585	2,453,209
	17,992,620	16,146,455

## 14. DEPOSITORS' SHARE OF NET PROFIT

The share of the depositors in the net profit has been calculated at the following rates as determined by the Board based on the profit earned.

	1988	1987
Investment savings accounts	3.700%	3.6%
Investment deposit accounts - limited period	4.625%	4.8%
Investment deposit accounts – unlimited period	5.550%	5.4%

## 15. SHARE CAPITAL

	1988 KD	1987 KD
At begining of the year	23,142,826	20,571,401
Bonus issue during the year	3,008,567	2,571,425
At end of the year	26,151,393	23,142,826

## 16. STATUTORY RESERVE

In accordance with the Law of Commercial Companies and the Company's Articles of Association, an amount of KD 1,504,284 has been transferred to the statutory reserve to bring the total balance to 50% of the share capital.

Distribution of the reserve is limited to the amount required to enable payment of a dividend of 5% of share capital in years when accumulated profits are not sufficient for the payment of a dividend of that amount.

#### 17. GENERAL RESERVE

1988 KD	1987 KD
558,695	382,224
(365,564)	(373,398)
1,026,901	549,869
1,220,032	558,695
	558,695 (365,564) 1,026,901

As permitted by the Company's Articles of Association the directors have proposed to transfer KD 1,026,901 from net profit to general reserve this year. There are no restrictions on the distribution of this reserve.

#### 18. PROPOSED BONUS SHARES AND DIVIDEND

The share of net profits for the year attributable to share capital has been determined by the Board at the rate of 6.167% (1987 - 6%) which amounts to KD 1,612,756 (1987 - KD 1,388,570).

The Board of Directors proposes a cash dividend of 4% (1987 – Nil) and a bonus issue of 9% (1987 – 13%) of share capital as shown below:

	1988 KD	1987 KD
Profit attributable to share capital	1,612,756	1,388,570
Profit attributable to reserve accounts (Note 19)	992,430	899,758
Net proft from Al-Muthanna complex (Note 9)	1,520,000	1,085,804
Less: Transfer to general reserve	(725,505)	(365,565)
Proposed bonus shares and dividend	3,399,681	3,008,567

## 19. NET PROFIT ATTRIBUTABLE TO RESERVE ACCOUNTS

As the statutory and general reserve balances (together with the share capital) represent part of the funds invested, they are entitled to a share of the net profit for the year calculated at the rate attributable to share capital. This share of net profit is calculated on the reserve balances at the end of each year.

## **Kuwait Finance House Branches**

### 1 - Head Office Branch

Abdulla Mubarak St.

Tel: 2445050 - 2445070

## 2 - Jahra Branch

Jahra, Behind Jahra Co-Op.

Tel: 4775325 - 4775326 - 4775327

## 3 - Rigah Branch

Rigah, Near Vegetable & Fruit Market

Tel: 3941582 - 3941583 - 3941584

## 4 - Sharg Branch

Sharq, Ahmad Al-Jaber St.

Al-Jaz Tower.

Tel: 2426511 - 2426536 - 2426514

#### 5 - Fahaheel Branch

Fahaheel, dabbous St.

Tel: 3911904 - 3913400 - 3911997

## 6 - Farwaniya Branch

Farwaniya, Sixth Ring Road,

Near Public Housing Authority

Tel: 4746053 - 4746054 - 4746057

#### 7 - Failaka Branch

Failaka, Failaka St., Ahmed Rabie Building

Tel: 2790267 - 2790269 - 2791805 - 2791809

## 8 - Faiha Branch

Faiha, Faiha Co-Op.

Tel: 2520174 - 2520175 - 2520176 - 2520168

## 9 - Salmiya Branch

Salmiya, Salmiya Co-Op.

Tel: 5724350 - 5724536 - 5724958 - 5722489

### 10 - Hawally Branch

Hawally, Beirut St., Mubarak Al Hasawi Building

Tel: 2644143 - 2644162

## 11 - Ministries Complex Branch

Ministries Complex Building

Tel: 2436203 - 2439176

## 12 - Al Muthanna Complex Branch

Al Muthanna Complex. Fahed Al Salem St.

Tel: 2414090 - 2414095 (Six Lines)

## 13 - Al Sheib Branch

Al Sheib, Near Sheib Co-Op.

Tel: 2610439 - 2610436 - 2610562

2610561 - 2610607 - 2610608

## 14 - Al Ardhiya Branch

Al Ardhiya Co-Op

Tel: 4880986 - 4880462 - 4880439 - 4880347

15 - Sabah Al-Salim Branch - Dahiyat Sabah Al-Salem.

Tel: 5517472 - 5517476 - 5517482

"The Banker" British Magazine published the attached, schedule of the first Islamic banks and Institutions in the world according to its priority and importance "The Banker" is one of the British and World Finance and Business magazines, and was established on 1926.

The schedule contains the Financial situation of every bank and institution as explained with figures.

## **TOP 15 ARAB ISLAMIC INSTITUTIONS**

		Assets			Pre-ta	x profits	Capital/	Number
Ran	k Name and head office	less contra acoutns 1	Capital and reserves 2	Pre-tax profits 3	on assets (%)	on capital (%)	assets ratio (%)	Number of employees
1	Kuwait Finance House	3,916	159	90.9	2.56	60.57	4.07	1,300
	Kuwait	22.6	13.2	19.3	2.57	55.57	4.41	24.5
2	Faisal Islamic Bank of Egypt	1,9051	98	10.0	0.51	10.26	5.14	1,063
	Cairo	-4.5	1.0	3.1	na	na	4.86	2.8
3	Jordan Islamic Bank	599	30	2.5	0.46	8.20	5.08	400
	Jordan	21.6	0.0	6,5	na	na	6.17	5.3
4	Dubai Islamic Bank	470 <sup>3</sup>	25	na	na	na	5.27	na
	Dubai	13.1	28.2	na	na	na	4.65	na
5	Qatar Islamic Bank	3551	20	3.7	1.23	19.28	5.72	64
	Qatar	46.4	13.8	58.8	1.13	13.40	7.36	28.0
6	Dar Al-Maal Al-Islami	344	283	8.7	2.59	3.09	82.27	700
	Nassau	4.2	0.7	4.2	na	na	85.15	na
7	Albaraka Islamic Investment Bank	233	52	2.3	0.94	4.43	22.32	26
	Bahrain	-7.5	2.0	0.4	0.87	4.37	19.70	-7.1
8	Bahrain Islamic Bank	187	19	8.4	4.72	44.21	10.16	82
	Bahrain	10.7	0.0	12.0	4.45	42.85	11.24	2.5
9	Faisal Islamic Bank of Sudan	136	30	0.5	0.39	1.65	21.97	781
	Khartoum	17.8	0.8	-64.5	1.24	4.66	25.68	-14.6
0	Albaraka International Bank	107	19	-0.1	-0.06	-0.30	17.54	75
	London	32.6	0.0	-108.3	na	na	23.26	na
1	Tadamon Islamic Bank	99 <sup>2</sup>	10	1.8	2.10	18.75	10.08	341
	Khartoum	37.0	8.7	-16.7	na	na	12.71	2.4
2	Faysal Islamic Bank of Bahrain	70	39	3.0	5.43	8.51	55.71	88
	Bahrain	52.2	11.4	15.8	na	na	76.09	49.2
3	Islamic Finance House	45	20	-0.1	-0.11	-0.22	44.44	20
	Luxembourg	-2.2	-20.0	99.3	na	na	54.35	0.0
4	Islamic Bank International	44	10	0.0	na	na	22.96	19
	Copenhagen	11.1	0.0	0.0	na	na	25.51	18.8
5	Bahrain Islamic Investment	21	13	0.4	na	na	62.50	6
	Bahrain	0.0	0.0	433.3	na	na	62.50	20.0

<sup>1</sup> Year-end 24 Aug 87. 2 Year-end 31 Aug 87. 3 Year-end 31 Dec 86. Figures on first line in \$ million (columns 1-3) converted from local currency at the balance-sheet date of 31 Dec. 87, unless otherwise noted (4) % change over previous year.

أوردت مجلة ( The Banker ) الـبريـطانيـة الجـدول المرفق متضمنـاً البنـوك والمؤسسات الاسلامية الاولى في العالم مرتبة حسب اولويتها واهميتها. وتعتبر هذه المجلة من أقـدم المجـلات الـبريـطانية التي تهتم بشؤون المال والاقتصاد في بريطانيا إن لم يكن في العالم حيث أسست عام ١٩٢٦.

ويتضمن الجدول الوضع المالي لكل بنك ومؤسسة كها هو موضح بالارقام حتى نهاية العام ١٩٨٧.

البنوك والمؤسسات الاسلامية الأولى في العالم

	اسم البنك ومقره	الاصول	رأسيال والاحتياطي ۲	الارباح قبل الضرائب ۳	نسبة الأرباح على الدخول/	على رأس	معدل رأس المال الى الاصول ٪.	عدد الموظفين
1	بيت التمويل الكويتي	77917	109	۹۰٫۹	۲٥٥٢	۷٥ر٠٦	۷٠ر٤	17
	الكويت	777	127	٣ر١٩	٧٥٠٢	۷٥ر٥٥	13,3	780
2	بنك فيصل الاسلامي المصري	اه ۱۹۰۰	9.1	-ر۱۰	۱ ٥٠٠	11017	310	1.75
	القاهرة	٥ر٤	-را	۱ر۳	_	_	٢٨ر٤	۸ر۲
3	البنك الاسلامي الاردني	099	-ر۳۰	400	۲٤ر٠	٠٢ ر٨	۸٠ره	٤٠٠
	عمان ـ الاردن	717	_	٥ر٦	_	_	۱۷۱۲	۳ره
4	بنك دبي الاسلامي	٤٧٠ .	70	-	_	_	۲۷ره	_
	دبي	1071	۲۸۸۲	_	_	-	٥٦ر٤	_
5	بنك قطر الاسلامي	200	۲.	۷ر۳	۲۳را	۸۲ر۱۹	۲۷ره	78
	قطر	٤٦٦٤	۸ر۱۳	۸ر۸٥	۱٫۱۳	٠٤٠	۲۳۲	-ر۲۸
5	دار المال الاسلامي	722	۲۸۳	۷ر۸	0 9 0 7	۹۰۰۳	۸۲٬۲۷	y
	ناساو	٢ر٤	۷ر۰	۲ر٤	_	_	٥١ر٥٨	_
7	بنك البركة الاسلامي الاستثماري	7777	٥٢	۳۲۳	٤ ٩ ر٠	2)24	77,77	77
	البحرين	_ ٥ر٧	٠ر٢	٤ر٠	۸۷ر٠	٧٣ر٤	۱۹٫۷۰	۱ر۷_
8	بنك البحرين الاسلامي	144	19	٤ر٨	۲۷ر٤	17,33	1.717	AY
	البحرين	۷۰۰۱	_	۰ر۱۲	٥٤ر٤	٥٨ر٢٤	11,78	۸ر۲
9	بنك فيصل الاسلامي السوداني	127	٣.	۰٫٥	٣٩ر.	٥٦ر١	41,94	٧٨١
	الخرطوم	۸۷۷۱	۸ر•	- ٥ر٢٤	172	٢٦٦٤	17,07	127
10	بنك البركة الدولي	1.4	19	-١ر٠	-۲۰ر۰	ـ ۳۰ر۰	٤٥ر١٧	٧٥
	لندن	7777	_	۳ر۱۰۸	_		77,77	_
11	بنك التضامن الاسلامي	99	١.	۸ر۱	۲٫۱۰	٥٧ر١٨	۸۰٫۰۸	721
	الخرطوم	۰ر۲۷	۷ر۸	۷ر۱۱	_		۱۲٫۷۱	3,7
12	بنك فيصل الاسلامي البحريني	٧.	49	٠ر٣	۲٤ره	۱٥ر٨	۱۷رهه	۸۸
	البحرين	7,70	٤ر١١	۸ره۱	_	_	۷٦٫٠٩	۲ر۶۹
13	بيت التمويل الاسلامي	٤٥		-١ر٠	-۱۱ر۰	-۲۲ر۰	23,23	۲.
	لوكسمبورغ	-ر۲۲	۰ر۲۰	۳ر۹۹	_	_	ه۳رع ه	_
14	البنك الاسلامي الدولي	٤٤		_	_		77,97	19
	كوبنهاغن	اراا		_	_	_	10,01	۸ر۸۸
15	شركة البحرين الاسلامية للاستثمار	. 11		٤ر٠	_	_	۰ ۵ر۲۲	٦
	البحرين			۳ر۳۳۶	-	200	77,00	-ر۲۰

كافة المبالغ في الأعمدة ١ - ٢ - ٣ بملايين الدولارات.

كافة الأرقام الواردة في السطر الثاني لكل بنك تمثل نسبة التغير عن العام السابق.